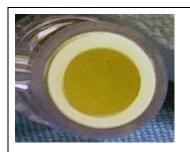
## Hummingbird Med Devices *Micro T* Split Septum T-Connector Guidelines for Use with the Hummi Micro-Draw Blood Transfer Device



## Micro T Split Septum T- Connector

- Designed and tested for use with the Hummi Micro Draw
- Tested to 150 insertions with the Hummi Micro Draw \*
- Tested to 20 psi/1hr with Hummi Micro Draw in place\*
- Tested to -10 psi vacuum with Hummi Micro Draw in place\*
- DEHP and Latex free...low internal volume 0.25mL(+/-.01)



## Correct Insertion Technique\*\* of the Hummi Blunt Cannula into the *Micro T* Connector

**Clean Septum Surface and Stabilize the T-Connector:** Using a **straight on** approach to the split septum, gently probe the

center area of septum for access. < 1 foot pound force needed to enter. Always access in the center of the septum.

You will know you have entered the opening correctly when you feel a loss of resistance and the blunt cannula slides easily into the septum.

Insert the Hummi blunt cannula **straight in until it is fully inserted.** Insertion should be smooth and easy in correct location. Stop insertion and **reposition cannula in center of septum if you feel resistance.** 

## ⊗Incorrect Access Examples With Hummi Blunt Cannula⊗



**Not Straight On Access** 

Do not approach septum at a wide angle.

This could damage the septum on insertion.

 \* Data on file
\*\* Do not use a sharp needle to access the septum.
Damage to the septum could occur.



**Solution** Not in the Center Access

Do not attempt to penetrate the septum at the white collar on the outside edge.

This could damage the septum and cause the T-Connector to leak if inserted in this area.



Sincorrect Position on Septum

Do not force cannula insertion in any area but the center of the septum.

Insertion in other than the center will meet resistance and if forced entry is made, damage to septum can result and cause T-Connector to leak.